OLD ENGLAND:

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1750. [Nº. 345.]

To ARGUS CENTOCULI.

Mr. CENSORIOUS,

THE malignant Inſinuation in your laſt Paper, as if *ſomebody* had been more buſy *ſomewhere* than became *them*, was highly unworthy of you, and a baſe Miſrepreſentation of the moſt glorious Atchievements that were ever performed in a pacific Expedition. Dare you ſay there is no Honour in having procured an Aſcendency at ſeveral Courts, which formerly, in the Days of our old faſhioned *Britiſh* Politics, were ſcarcely mentioned by any of our Writers, and of which the Situation, and even the Exiſtence, was unknown to the Generality of *Engliſh* Readers?

And how was this Aſcendency to be gained, if not by making a thorough Inſight into the State, the Inclinations, and the Neceſſities of the ſeveral Princes now reigning in thoſe Courts? Or rather, without ſounding the Heads and Hearts of their reſpective Miniſters, ſearching the Meaſure of their Capacities and Conſciences, and coming at the exact Knowlege of each of their Prices? Tell me, thou ſtubborn, teſty old Grumbler, could all this be done without being buſy among them, and interfering with every one of their Concerns?

There is no Country in *Europe*, or perhaps in the whole civilized World, where ſo many Webs of Negotiation can be wrought upon at a time as in *Germany*. With *Spain*, or with *France*, as we know from late Experience, a ſingle Treaty ſhall take us Months or Years to complete it: But with the *German* Sovereigns, who are more numerous than the Provinces of either of thoſe Kingdoms, and all comprehended within as ſmall an Extent of Territory, a great Variety of Treaties may be carried on at the ſame Time, and all brought to a ſpeedy Concluſion; provided you do but pay the Market-Price for each of their Friendſhip. The Communication with them all is ſo ſhort and eaſy, eſpecially when the Center of Negociation is among themſelves, that public Buſineſs is greatly facilitated by this happy Circumſtance; which muſt tend vaſtly to the Credit and Advantage of the honoured Miniſter with whom they have to deal.

To diſpatch a great deal of Buſineſs, in any Profeſſion whatſoever, is the Proof of an expert and able Practitioner: And in the modern Manufacture of Treaty-making, we know that Number is much more conſidered than Strength, Value, or Service.

To have Recourſe again to the Metaphor of a *Web*; I look upon a Negotiator with *France*, *Spain*, or any great Power, in the Light of a common Weaver, who makes only one Piece of Goods at a time: But a Negotiator in *Germany*, who has a Diverſity of Treaties upon his Hands at once, reſembles that ingenious Mechanic an Engine-Weaver, who works at once upon a great Variety of Aſſortments; which, tho' they are ſeverally very thin, narrow, ſlight, and of little Price, are however ſo many diſtinct Pieces.

And there is this peculiar Advantage reſulting from ſmall Treaties, made with ſmall Powers, that enow of them are always to be had at very reaſonable Rates; for if one Dealer boggles a little, and inſiſts upon high Terms, another is always ready to catch up the Chapman who offers ready Money. It is moreover certain, that he who pays well may have what Terms and Conditions he pleaſes inſerted in the ſaid minor Treaties; provided he has not been too punctual, on former Occaſions, in requiring the ſtrict and full Performance of what is ſtipulated; which is often out of the Power of the contracting Party, and known to be ſo at the very Time when the Contract is made.

Now this is ſo far from being the Caſe in the greater Conventions or Treaties, from which ſome Benefit is expected in Fact as well as in Words, that we very often find theſe are not to be obtained, without a tedious Waſte of Time, for both our Love and Money united. And what do they ſometimes produce, when obtained with all this Formality and Trouble? Verily nothing more than the little Treaties above-mentioned, from which nothing was ever expected. And where this happens to be the Caſe, the latter are in every reſpect as good as the former; and in regard to the Price of them, they are undoubtedly worthy of Preference.

We have a new Treaty concluded and ſigned with *Spain*, as we may now affirm from Authority, by that indefatigable and moſt ſucceſsful Negotiator his Excellency Mr. *Keene*; and we have a Treaty, a Convention, or ſomething like one of theſe, upon the Carpet with *France*, under the Care of a Pair of ſkilful and induſtrious Managers, and a moſt illuſtrious Superintendent-general. I am in good Hopes of hearing in a ſhort Time, that their joint Endeavours are attended with as much Succeſs as the ſingle Labours of Mr. *Keene* have been already. But who can pretend to ſay what will be the Fruit of all the agreeing, ſigning, ſealing, and ratifying, that can be imagined? For as to Forms, I do not ſuppoſe they will be wanting in any Buſineſs of this Nature. But if *Spain* ſhould afterwards find new Pretences, not obvious to the Foreſight of our able Miniſter, for interrupting our Commerce in *America*; or *France* find new Occaſions of encroaching on our Colonies, or extending her own by other Settlements, which may not be provided againſt in the definitive Agreement; what will the Treaties ſignify with *France* and *Spain*, more than thoſe are like to do with *Cologn* and *Bavaria*?

The wilful Neglect of Execution will be as hurtful, and more provoking, than the Incapacity of it. It will alſo be a much greater Diſappointment; as the latter, with regard to the minor Treaties, might have been foreſeen; and the other, if ſuffered from Contractors of higher Rank and Importance, could at worſt be only ſuſpected; tho' the Grounds of that Suſpicion, if reſpect be had to the Examples of former Times, cannot be ſaid to be altogether unjuſt and fanciful.

Suppoſing that this ſhould prove the Event of our long-winded Negotiations, I would aſk what Benefit will reſult from them more than from the various and ſummary Tranſactions in *Germany* during the laſt Summer? If none, it is then evident, from the Principles already laid down, that theſe are by far the moſt preferable Commodities; ſince the Price of them, when compared with the former, are but as the Price of a narrow Ribbon to that of a good Mantua.

And in this Caſe, the great Negotiator of *Germany* will have had the Honour of accompliſhing, in a few Months, more Buſineſs than ſeveral very able Men could accompliſh in a much longer Period of Time: Not to mention the paramount Authority and Influence, which the ſaid great Negotiator all the while had, in conſequence of his ſuperior Capacity and Merit, over every Meaſure that has been taken by his Under-labourers at *P——s* and *M——d*.

I do not ſpeak theſe Things as if I thought they muſt unavoidably happen: I ſincerely hope, and am inclined to believe from the very honeſt Declarations of our new Friends, that we ſhall for once find the contrary to be true. But even then, if the Importance of our ſmaller Treaties muſt ſeverally diminiſh, in Proportion to the Advantages we receive from the greater; I can demonſtrate, that the Object of them all, and conſequently their united Tendency to that Object, is ſo eminently intereſting, that the *German* Negotiator cannot loſe any of his Honour from the incidental and fortuitous Benefit reſulting from the Toils of his Inferiors.

The Emperor of *Germany* is acknowleged to be the firſt Crowned Head among all the *Chriſtian* Potentates. Of courſe, to provide a future Succeſſor to that Crown, when he that now wears it has not Intereſt enough to do this, tho' for his own Son, is a Mark of ſuch wonderful Influence in a foreign Country, as muſt redound greatly to the Reputation of that Miniſter who procures it. And what are a few trifling Advantages in Trade, which perhaps may tend only to enrich a Parcel of ſturdy Beggars; what is the Propriety of an uncultivated Iſland, or a Diſtrict of a few hundred Miles, in a Part of the World where there is ſtill Land enough to ſpare; when put in Competition with the Glory of giving a Monarch to preſide over all the Sovereigns of *Germany*, and to precede in Dignity all the Monarchs of *Europe*? Weigh this Matter in the Balance of Reaſon, if you can impartially, and confeſs yourſelf aſhamed of your impertinent Application of the Character of a Buſy-body.

I have not yet mentioned his ***'s particular Intereſt in this *German* Buſineſs: But ſurely this ought not to be omitted! For a Member, which ſome Malcontents repreſent as none of the moſt conſiderable in that Body, to give a Head to the Whole, is certainly an Inſtance of the moſt illuſtrious Nature in the Catalogue of great Actions. Will not the Head be very ungrateful, if, in due Time, it does not ſtudy to make ſuitable Returns?

All this, you may ſay, is very well in itſelf, very flattering to an *H——n*: But what is all this to us? I believe, old *Teſty*, we ſhall find, when the next Day of Account comes, that it has been ſomething to us already; and that future Accounts will demonſtrate, that it has muſt be yet ſomething more to us before we have done. But what will ſignify a little Expence, when it is the Purchaſe of ſo much Glory? Is it not much more honourable to extend our Influence over all the Continent, than to ſit brooding in our narrow Iſland over narrower Notions? In his ***'s Opinion, in his G—e's Opinion, as well as in my Opinion, it is: And if your Sentiments are different, we value neither them nor you.

I am, &c.

S. PLIANT.

Shortly will be published,
(Continued to the present Time)

AN Hiſtorical Account of the firſt forming *New Foreſt* in Hampſhire, by William the Iſt, by ſome called the Conqueror, &c. &c. &c. and *Richmond New Park* in ~~the County of Surry, by King Charles the Iſt, &c. &c. &c.~~ The Oppoſition that was made againſt making both one and the other, and the Fate that attended thoſe two Princes and their Families. In which will be introduced an Inquiry into the Origin of Foreſts; Parks, &c. Embelliſhed with a View, curiouſly engraved, of the Miniſters and Churchwardens, &c. paſſing over the Park-Wall, to aſſert their Rights, and mark their Boundaries in the Preſence of a certain petty Tyrant.

Long Forbearance increaſes Injuries.——
Swift Reſentment cuts off Dallying.——

Addreſſed to the worthy Citizens of London.

LONDON.

This Day the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor, Judges, &c. meet in the Exchequer Chamber, to nominate three Gentlemen in each County of England, in order for one of them to be pricked down by his Majeſty, to ſerve the Office of Sheriff for the Year enſuing.

Tueſday being the Birth-Day of his preſent Majeſty, who then entered into the 68th Year of his Age, the Morning was uſhered in with ringing of Bells, at Noon the Park and Tower Guns were fired, and the Lords of the Regency received the Compliments of the Nobility, foreign Miniſters, and Gentry, on that Occaſion.

Monday the Right Hon. Fra. Cockayne, Eſq; Lord Mayor elect, went in uſual State from Guildhall to the Three Cranes, with ſeveral of the Aldermen, Recorder, and Sheriffs, from whence he went in the City Barge, attended by the Barges of ſeveral of the Companies to Weſtminſter, where he took the uſual Oaths of Qualification, and afterwards walked in Proceſſion round the Hall, and ſaluted all the Courts which were then ſitting, from whence he returned to Blackfriars by Water, where he took Coach and came to Guildhall, where an elegant Entertainment was provided on the Occaſion.

We hear that by the Bill preſented to the laſt Court of Common Council, the following Regulations are propoſed to be made for the Relief of the Free Maſters of this City

That the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen ſhall have Power to grant Licence to any Free Maſter that ſhall make it ſatisfactorily appear, that he has uſed his beſt Endeavours and cannot procure a ſufficient Number of Free Journeymen to carry on his Buſineſs, to employ ſuch a Number of Foreigners, for, and during ſuch Time, and under ſuch Reſtrictions, as the ſaid Court ſhall think fit and neceſſary.

On any Tueſday, on which no Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen ſhall be held, the Power abovementioned will be veſted in the Lord Mayor. This Licence is not to be granted to any Perſon but what has one Apprentice; at leaſt or ſhall make it appear that he has had an Apprentice within a limited Time, before his Application for the ſaid Licence. No Freeman is to employ any Foreigner, by Virtue of this Licence, until he has regiſtered the Chriſtian and Surname, and Place of Abode of the ſaid Foreigner, and in what Buſineſs he is to be employed. The Regiſter is to be kept in a Place (to be appointed) and every Freeman is to have the Liberty of inſpecting it gratis. The Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen are to have the Power of revoking any Licences, tho' the Time limited therein be not expired.

By the foreign Gazettes we learn, that the Convention with Spain was ſigned ſo early as the 24th of September, N. S. and yet none of the foreign Miniſters at Madrid knew of it 'till the 12th of October. The following are the principal Articles of it, as publiſhed in the ſaid Gazettes:

The King of Spain engages to pay to the Southſea Company, within three Months, 100000 l. Sterl. for the Non Execution of the Aſſiento Treaty of March 13, 1713, and to make them Amends for the four Years they could not ſend their annual Ship.

As to the Trade of the Engliſh in the Spaniſh Ports, the Treaties of 1667 and 1670, that of Utrecht in 1713, the 1ſt, 4th, 5th, and 7th Articles of the Treaty of 1715, and that of 1721, ſhall be punctually obſerved and executed.

In conſequence of which Diſpoſitions, the Engliſh Ships trading to Spain, ſhall pay no other Duties for the Goods they import or export than ſuch as they paid in the Reign of Charles II. of Spain.

The Engliſh Traders are to pay only the ſame Duties in common with the Spaniſh Traders, by which his Catholic Majeſty means to rank Engliſhmen with his own Subjects, to ſhew he treats them among the moſt favoured Foreigners. Moreover, they ſhall continue to enjoy the Privilege of taking in Salt at the Iſland of Tortuga, which is poſſeſſed by Spain.

Theſe Gazettes alſo tell us, that when this Convention is ratify'd, it will be publiſhed here; that it was received with great Joy at Hanover; and that when the whole is publiſhed, it will be received in the ſame manner at London as at Hanover.

We hear that when the Parliament ſits, they will lay a Prohibition on all Velvet and Silks that are imported from abroad, and are daily ſold here for our own Manufactures to the great Detriment of our Trade at home and abroad.

It is ſaid, that in the approaching Seſſions of Parliament the preſent Duties on Sugar will be reduced, that we may be able to ſerve the foreign Markets on eaſier Terms.

By a private Letter from Madrid we are informed, that the new Spaniſh Manufactories are already brought to ſuch Perfection, by the Aſſiſtance of the Artificers they have got from England, that their Broad-cloths are equal in Goodneſs to any made in this Kingdom; and that they ſell them Two Shillings a Yard cheaper than ours of the ſame Quality can be bought here. All the Difference between their Cloth and ours is, that it has not ſo fine a Gloſs, which is owing to their not having yet attained to the right Method of packing and preſſing.

They write from Leghorn, that they begin to have great Hopes of their Levant Company, or (as ſome ſtile it) the Company of Trieſte, the Capital of which conſiſts of Two Millions of Florins, and the Caſhire to which is one M. Rina, a Native of Bruſſels.

They write from Paris, that a Proteſt of the General Aſſembly of the Clergy is handed about there, and is conceived in very ſtrong Terms; notwithſtanding which, the King has ſent his Orders to the Intendants of the ſeveral Provinces, to proceed in taking an Account of the Value of Benefices; and as great Part of the Clergy ſeemed diſpoſed to ſubmit, it is believed the reſt will think it ſafeſt to follow their Example.

We hear by Letters from Wakefield in Yorkſhire, that Sir Wm Wentworth, Bart. of Bretton, in that Neighbourhood, has lately opened a Chapel there, built entirely at his own Expence, and finiſhed in a moſt elegant manner; and that Sir William likewiſe maintains, at his ſole Charge, a Clergyman to officiate therein, for the Benefit of the Inhabitants of Bretton; which lies remote from the Pariſh-Church.

We hear Sir Ralph Gore's Horſe Black and all Black, which was to have run againſt a Horſe belonging to the Earl of March, on the Kurragh of Kildare in Ireland, for 1000 l. is dead.

Tueſday a melancholy Accident happened in Parliament Street, Weſtminſter. As the Workmen were removing ſome Rubbiſh near where the Old Plantation Office ſtands, a Stack of Chimneys fell, by which one Man was killed on the ſpot, and two were terribly hurt, their Legs being broke, and ſo much bruiſed, that their Lives are quite deſpaired of.

Laſt Monday an unhappy Accident happened upon the River, by one of the Companies Barges ſinking a Boat fronting Whitehall, whereby three Men were drowned. There were ſeven Perſons in the Boat, but four were ſaved by the People in the Barge.

Laſt Tueſday was brought before Sir John Barnard, one Wm Chumley, charged on the Oath of a Merchant of this City, for Sodomitical Practices. And one Joſeph Stevens, a moſt notorious Fellow for ſuch Practices, appearing to give the ſaid Chumley a Character, there happened to be preſent a Gentleman who charged him with the like Offence; whereupon they were both committed, one to each of the Compters; and the Gentlemen entered voluntarily into a Recognizance to proſecute them. Chumley appears to be a noted Pickpocket, and it was on Ludgate-Hill he was detected on Sunday laſt, in the beaſtly Practice of his other Calling.

Tueſday was committed to Newgate by the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, Henry Stevens, on the Oath of Mr. Edward Hill and others, for ſtealing a Boat with 800 lb. of Cheeſe, a Bag of Sugar, and ſeveral other Things, the Property of Mr. Hilton.

We hear there are a Set of Gentlemen Sharpers, who now infeſt this City, that call themſelves Country Tradeſmen. They dreſs in Character, and aſſiſted with a ſham Recommendation, deceive Merchants and Tradeſmen to ſend their Journeymen with ſuch Goods as they pretend to want, to ſome Inn of Repute, in order to be there paid for with ready Money. As ſoon as the Goods are arrived at the Inn, the Sharper feigns ſome ſpecious Pretence for taking them up Stairs, promiſing to bring the Money down before the Bearer can write a Receipt; but, thro' ſome other Door of the Inn, the Sharper goes clearly off with the Goods. Geo. Robins, alias Jones, who is under Sentence of Death in Newgate, belonged to this dangerous Gang, and by this means has taken in ſeveral Merchants, &c. to the amount of ſeveral hundred Pounds. He intended the ſame Trick upon Mrs. Truby, whoſe Goods he is convicted of ſtealing, but ſhe guarding againſt the Fraud, he then took them by force.

One Day laſt Week, as a young Woman who lives at Highgate as Servant, was coming to London on a Meſſage from her Miſtreſs, ſhe was met in Frog Lane by a Woman dreſſed in a genteel riding Habit, who, aſking where ſhe was going, ſaid, if it was not diſagreeable ſhe would bear her Company. The young Woman told her, by all means if her Pace was not too faſt. Upon this, the Lady agreed to keep up with her; but, after walking ſome time, two other Women came ſuddenly upon them from a Field as joining, when the ſeeming Gentlewoman pulled out a Knife from her Pocket, ſeized the young Woman by Throat, and ſwore, if ſhe made the leaſt Reſiſtance, would kill her immediately. In the mean time, the Women rifled her Pockets of 20 Shillings and ſome Half pence, and then all three made off.

Tueſday about Noon, Mr. Rogers, of Bartholomew Cloſe, in Company with two Ladies, was robbed in a Field near Pond-ſtreet, Hampſtead, by a thick ſhort Fellow in a brown Coat, masked, who was met afterwards on Hampſtead Road.

We hear from Weſtwell near Aſhford in Kent, that on the 21ſt of laſt Month, Mr. Rich. Gillman of that Place, and Mr. Wiſe of Boughton Aloph, were robbed at a ſmall Diſtance from each other, within a Quarter of an Hour, of a large Sum of Money, by a ſingle Highwayman, mounted on a black Gelding, 15 Hands high, with a Martingal.

On Wedneſday Night, between ſix and ſeven o'Clock, two Fellows with large Piſtols under their Coats, entered the Houſe of Capt. James Grimble, in Paradiſe Row, Rotherhithe, under Pretence of bringing a Letter from his Son-in-law. After being admitted, they preſented their Piſtols, bound the Miſtreſs and Maid Servant together, and gagged them. Then they plundered the Houſe of Plate and Linnen to the Value of 100 l. and upwards, and got clear off with their Booty. The Villains were ſeen to take Water at Oliphant Stairs, after the Robbery.

It is hoped ſome effectual Method will be ſpeedily taken to oblige all Conſtables and other Pariſh Officers to a due Performance of their Duty, by a due Preſentation of every Houſe of ill Fame in their reſpective Pariſhes to the Grand Jury. To the Negligence of theſe Officers is evidently owing the ſcandalous Increaſe of bad Houſes throughout the City, and particularly in Fleetſtreet, where the Inhabitants are kept in continual Dread from the vaſt Number of Whores, Thieves, &c coming to live amongſt them, from the ſeveral Courts from the Fleet-market to St. Dunſtan's Church; and if the Landlords of thoſe Courts admit ſuch Tenants, in all Probability they will ſoon have no other. Theſe new Comers have already began their Profeſſion, and Thurſday Night laſt, between Nine and Ten o'Clock (when the Watch as in other Parts of the City ſhould have been ſet, tho' it was not) they were buſy in Redlion-court, ſtealing the Scrapers, &c. and endeavouring to pick the Lock of one of the Doors, in order to ruſh in ſuddenly upon the Family, and, before any Reſiſtance could be made, run off with the Plunder of a Beaufet, &c. but this Pick-Lock failing, they fell to Work upon the Scrapers, ſeveral of which they carried off, leaving the Knockers 'tis likely for a more convenient Opportunity. The Intent of publiſhing this, is to warn Pariſh Officers to their Duty in rooting out theſe villainous Neighbours, as well as to caution Houſekeepers to keep their Doors bolted and chained as ſoon as it is dark, and to be careful who they let in.

On Wedneſday Morning the Body of a Male Child, ſuppoſed to be about two Months old, was found dead in Page's Yard, Drury-lane, ſuppoſed to have been barbarouſly murdered, by two Stabs in it's Breaſt. It was bundled up in a parcel of Rags, and found by a poor Rag Woman.

Thurſday Night the Coroner's Inqueſt ſat on the Body of John Pool, who was found dead in Harrow-Court in Fleet-Lane on Tueſday Morning, and brought in their Verdict Wilful Murder againſt Perſons unknown.

On Wedneſday Night laſt upwards of 20 Gamblers were taken at a notorious Gaming-houſe in the Strand, and committed to the Gatehouſe, and all their Tables broke to Pieces. They were guarded to Priſon by a Party of the Guards.

Tueſday laſt ſome Officers having an Action againſt an old Gentleman, who lived near Devereaux Court, in the Strand, for 8 l. came to his Houſe, in order to arreſt him, which ſo ſurprized him, that he inſtantly dropt down, and tho' every poſſible Help was given him, he died in leſs than an Hour.

Mrs. Keith's Corpſe was removed from her Huſband's Houſe in May-Fair the Middle of October laſt, to an Apothecary's in South Audley Street, where ſhe lies in a Room hung with Mourning, and is to continue there till Mr. Keith can attend her Funeral.——Several Perſons, belonging to Churches and Chapels, together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages at May Fair New Chapel to be detrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and Underſtanding. The Way to Mr. Keith's Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-Street, and down Clarges-Street, and ſo on the Left Hand. The Marriages (together with a Licence on a Five Shilling Stamp, and Certificate) are carried on for a Guinea, as uſual, any Time 'till four in the Afternoon, by another regular Clergyman, at Mr. Keith's Little Chapel in May Fair, near Hyde Park Corner, oppoſite the Great Chapel, and within Ten Yards of it. There is a Porch at the Door like a Country Church Porch.

COUNTRY NEWS.

...wich, *Oct.* 26. We hear from Offton (a Village 8 ... from this Town) that a House in which two Brothers ... Stebbing lived together, was broke open last Friday ... about 7 o'Clock, by no less than nine or ten Men ...med, and most of them dressed in white Frocks and ...sers, with their Faces disguised. These two Gentlemen ...received 200 l. a few Days before, which probably ...oned this Attack; for the Rogues expressly demanded ...m, and named the Perso[n] who had paid it to them. ...of the Brothers made his Escape with some Money, ...armed the Neighbours; but they did not think them... able to cope with them. The other Brother was ...ened by the Rogues with the severest Treatment, un... would discover the Money demanded; but he gave ...sfactory an Account how it had been disposed of, that ...id not hurt his Person, but carried off about 20 l. ...ost a Week before this, Mrs. Ventris, a Clergyman's ...w at Earl Stonham, had her House broke open by ... near the same Number of Men, and lost a much ... Sum of Money; but we have not yet received the ...ticated Particulars of that Affair.

BANKRUPT.

...n Neale, of Leadenhall-street, London, Watchmaker ... Chapman.

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The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Prescription (which he has still upon his File) has made Use of them ever since to Numbers of People in the very worst of Gleets, seminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Disorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmost Success and Safety, as also in all Weaknesses from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, excessive Coition, Self Pollution, seminal Emissions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

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For can these be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleansing and healing, or a more strengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will say, by their soon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards restoring in these Weaknesses than any others can in ten, and is of so corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapse, even in the tenderest Constitutions, which can hardly be said of any other Medicine; and it is withal so elegantly pleasant to the Palate, and so agreeable to the Stomach that the nicest Person is delighted with it.

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It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories at 5s. a Bottle, sealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

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Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

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